NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times

February 2015

Introduction

This briefing provides information on the performance of Local Health Boards (LHBs) against the Welsh Government targets for NHS treatment waiting times. Most NHS waiting times in Wales are measured against the time from referral to treatment (RTT), although there are a number of exceptions.¹ The RTT is the period of time from referral, by a GP or other medical practitioner, to hospital for treatment.²

The current Welsh Government targets for NHS RTT waiting times are to ensure that:

- At least 95 per cent of patients waiting to start treatment must have waited less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment
- 100 per cent of patients not treated within 26 weeks must be treated in 36 weeks.

The Welsh Government measures progress against these targets each month, and the figures used **are those for patients waiting to start treatment at the end of the month.** Separate figures for patients treated during each month are published,³ but as these are not covered by the targets they have not

¹ The targets apply to the majority of referrals to NHS hospitals for treatment; however there are a number of exceptions. In addition, some conditions such as cancer have their own specific target, and are therefore not included in the general targets. Further information on referral to treatment targets is available at: Welsh Government, **Waiting Times for NHS Services:**Frequently Asked Questions, 9 June 2011 [accessed 12 February 2015]

² Welsh Government, **Referral to Treatment Times, December 2014,** 12
February 2015 [accessed 12 February 2015]

³ ibid

been included in this release. The LHB figures included in this release are for patients treated by each LHB rather than the LHB they live in.

NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times in December 2014

Table 1 and figures 1 and 2 show performance against the 26 and 36 week referral to treatment waiting time targets for each LHB, and for the whole of Wales, using the latest figures from December 2014.⁴ It can be seen from table 1 and figure 1 that:

- In December 2014, neither the 26 week nor 36 week targets were met on an All Wales basis.
- Powys Teaching Health Board achieved both the 26 week and the 36 week referral to treatment waiting time target in December 2014.
- Cardiff and Vale University Health Board was the worst performing LHB for both the 26 week target and the 36 week target.

4 Ibid



Table 1: Performance against waiting time targets at end of December 2014 (a), (c),

	Under 26 weeks		Under 36	weeks (b)	Over 36 weeks	Total
Local Health Board	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	patients waiting for treatment
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg	66,283	84.8	73,821	94.5	4,317	78,138
Aneurin Bevan	66,731	86.3	74,016	95.7	3,342	77,358
Betsi Cadwaladr	72,381	86.1	79,624	94.7	4,488	84,112
Cardiff and Vale	67,718	82.2	77,194	93.7	5,209	82,403
Cwm Taf	34,192	85.6	38,220	95.6	1,742	39,962
Hywel Dda	45,769	85.2	51,599	96.0	2,128	53,727
Powys	4,774	99.8	4,785	100.0		4,785
Wales	357,848	85.1	399,259	95.0	21,226	420,485

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting, Notes:

- (a) This includes patients who are waiting for cardiac treatment. Cardiac RTT is defined differently from the rest of RTT; please refer to the Referral to Treatment Time quality report for further details.
- (b) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.
- (c) The values in the purple shaded boxes met the referral to treatment waiting time target in December 2014.

Figure 1: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment at end of December 2014

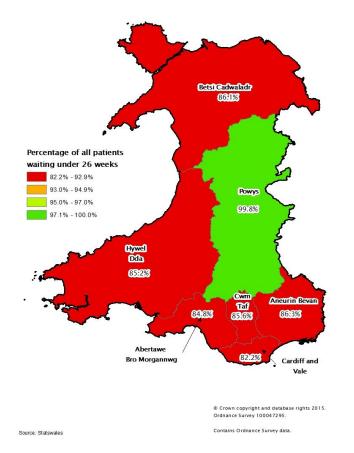
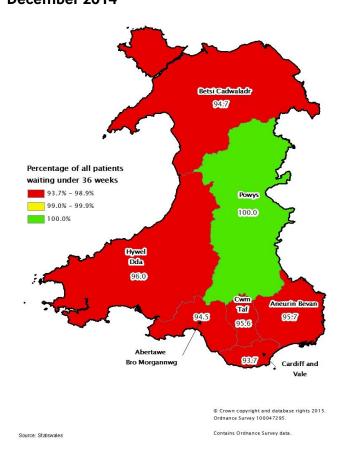


Figure 2: Percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment at end of December 2014



Performance against RTT waiting time targets since December 2013

Table 2 and figure 3 focus on the performance against the referral to treatment waiting time targets, on an All Wales basis since December 2013.5

It can be seen from table 2 and figure 3 that:

- Neither target has been met in any month at an All Wales level between December 2013 and December 2014.
- The percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment in December 2014 was 1.2 percentage points lower than in November 2014, the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- The percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment in December 2014 was 0.4 percentage points lower than in November 2014, the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- The number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment was over 6,000 more than in December 2013.
 It was the highest of any point over the past year, and also since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.
- Nearly 5,000 more people were waiting for treatment at the end of December 2014 compared to December 2013. However, the number of patients waiting for treatment decreased by over 3,000 between November 2014 and December 2014.⁶

Table 2: Performance against waiting time targets, on All Wales basis, December 2013 to December 2014 (a), (b)

Under 26 weeks		Under 36 weeks (b)		Over 36 weeks	Total patients	
Date	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	waiting for treatment
December 2013	360,170	86.6	401,045	96.5	14,745	415,790
January 2014	357,719	86.8	396,043	96.1	16,109	412,152
February 2014	364,004	87.9	398,675	96.3	15,388	414,063
March 2014	371,877	88.9	407,856	97.5	10,586	418,442
April 2014	371,744	87.7	411,214	97.0	12,795	424,009
May 2014	371,205	86.3	414,864	96.4	15,498	430,362
June 2014	379,870	87.3	418,716	96.2	16,400	435,116
July 2014	378,301	87.2	416,090	95.9	17,649	433,739
August 2014	377,013	86.0	418,440	95.4	20,151	438,591
September 2014	371,137	85.7	414,059	95.7	18,810	432,869
October 2014	371,960	86.2	411,718	95.4	19,785	431,503
November 2014	365,859	86.3	404,032	95.4	19,679	423,711
December 2014	357,848	85.1	399,259	95.0	21,226	420,485

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks
Notes:

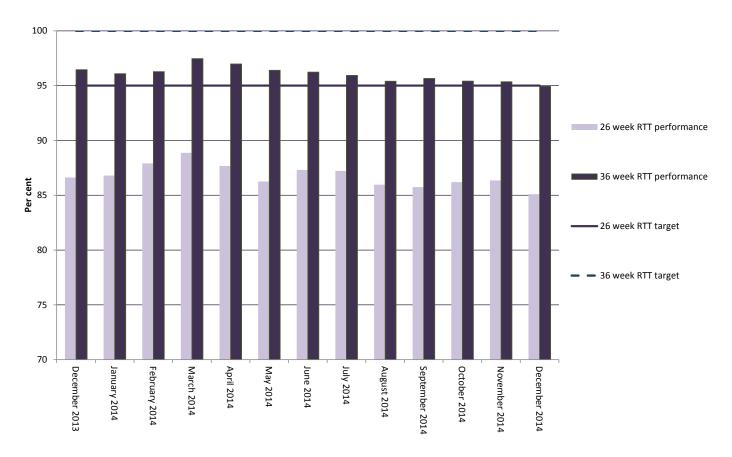
⁽a) This includes patients who are waiting for cardiac treatment. Cardiac RTT is defined differently from the rest of RTT; please refer to the Referral to treatment time quality report for further details.

⁽b) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.

⁵ Welsh Government, Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks [accessed 12 February 2015]

⁶ Ibid⁷ Welsh Government, Edwina Hart (Minister for Health and Social Services), *Waiting Times and Orthopaedic Services update*, Cabinet Written Statement, 10 March 2011 [accessed 12 February 2015]

Figure 3: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks at end of month from December 2013 to December 2014



Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, **Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks**Notes – See notes from Table 2

Trauma and orthopaedic specialty

While waiting time targets are allied to performance across all specialties, it is useful to see the contribution of individual specialties towards performance.

In a written statement in March 2011, the then Minister for Health and Social Services highlighted the difficulty in achieving waiting time targets due to pressures within orthopaedic services resulting from increased GP referrals.⁷

Following additional funding allocations for orthopaedic treatment in 2011-12 and 2012-13, the Welsh Government stated that £16.6 million will be allocated in recurrent annual funding from 2013-14 with the purpose of sustaining improvements in orthopaedic waiting times.8

⁷ Welsh Government, Edwina Hart (Minister for Health and Social Services), *Waiting Times and Orthopaedic Services update*, Cabinet Written Statement, 10 March 2011 [accessed 12 February 2015]

⁸ Welsh Government, **Draft Budget 2013-14: A Budget for Growth and Jobs**, page 38, October 2012 [accessed 12 February 2015]

Table 3 shows the latest figures for the trauma and orthopaedic specialty, at the end of December 2014.

Table 3: Waiting times for trauma and orthopaedic specialty at end of December 2014, (a), (b)

	Under 2	26 weeks	Under 36	Total patients	
Local Health Board	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	waiting for treatment
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg	7,515	73.5	8,877	86.8	10,227
Aneurin Bevan	10,757	75.3	12,499	87.5	14,278
Betsi Cadwaladr	8,313	70.5	10,128	85.8	11,799
Cardiff and Vale	8,411	84.8	9,642	97.2	9,922
Cwm Taf	4,314	85.6	4,930	97.8	5,042
Hywel Dda	5,484	73.0	6,839	91.1	7,510
Powys	416	99.5	418	100.0	418
Wales	45,210	76.4	53,333	90.1	59,196

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting Notes:

In December 2014, it can be seen that:

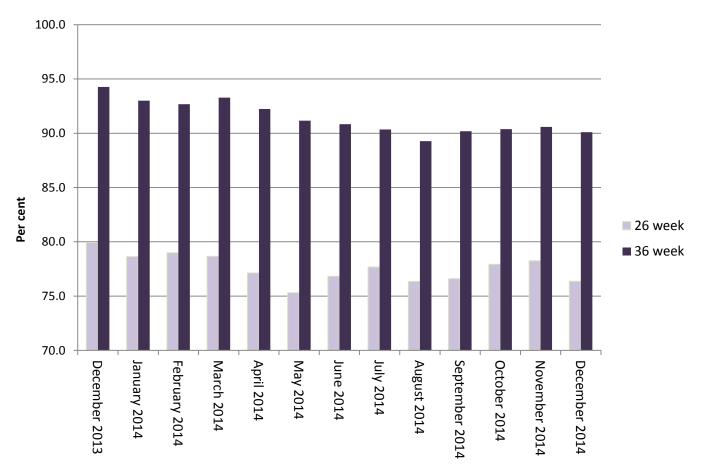
- In Powys Teaching Health Board over 95 per cent of patients were waiting less than 26 weeks. In all other
 LHBs, less than 86 per cent of patients had been waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment.
- In Powys Teaching Health Board, all patients had been waiting under 36 weeks for treatment. In all other
 LHBs, less than 98 per cent of patients had been waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment.
- The LHB with the lowest percentage of patients waiting under 26 and 36 weeks was Betsi Cadwaladr
 Health Board.

⁽a) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.

⁽b) Values in the purple shaded boxes indicate a level of performance in December 2014 equal to or above that needed to achieve the waiting time targets.

Figure 4 compares the percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks for treatment in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in the months from December 2013 to December 2014.

Figure 4: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty, from December 2013 to December 2014



Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks

- For each month since December 2013, the percentage of patients waiting under 26 weeks has been well below the level needed to achieve the waiting time target across all specialties. The percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in December 2014 was 1.9 percentage points lower than November 2014. This is the joint second lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.9
- For each month since December 2013, the percentage of patients waiting under 36 weeks has also been below the level needed to achieve the waiting time target across all specialties. The percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in December 2014 was the lowest of any point over the past year, and since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011. It decreased by 0.5 percentage points compared to November 2014.

⁹ Welsh Government, Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks [accessed 12 February 2015]

Further information

The links below provide further information about the data sources used in this briefing, and further information about NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times:

- Welsh Government, Referral to Treatment
 Times, December 2014
- Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks
- Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting
- Statistics on patients that have been treated during each month are available at:
- Stats Wales, Treated patients by month and grouped weeks

For further information and statistics on NHS
Referral to Treatment Waiting Times, please contact
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